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TARIFF TO CAUSE G. O. P. DOWNFALL

"Republican Party Must Reform or Die," Said Lamb.

CAN IT REFORM WITHOUT DYING?

Virginia Representative Makes a Splendid Word Picture of the South's Prosperity, and · Incidentally Takes a Shot at Pending Legislation.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C. January 15.—Rep resentative Lamb, of the Tland District, nade a good speech in the House to-day in favor of the reduction of duties on articles imported from the Philippines. Incidentally Captain Lamb made a neat reply to the statement made by Repre sentative Adams in a speech on the Philippine bill, in which the Wisconsin representative said that on the occasion of his Richmond last summer to address the convention of commissioners of agriculture, he had found that three out of the old Confederates whom he met were delighted at the election of Roosevelt and the continuation of the Republican tariff, which, they said, meant

"The gentleman should not take too riously the statements of Southern men hose guest he is," said Captain Lamb, hid laughter. "My friend from Wiswhose guest he is, said Captain Lamo, amid laughter. "My friend from Wisconsin was so enraptured with the beauties and the prosperity of Richmond and the cordulality of the reception which our people gave him that he jumped to the conclusion they were all Republicans," which caused more laughter and applicances.

"Put a Face" On the Islands.

"Virginia has always opposed taxation ithout representation," he declared, and e asserted that the people of Virginia zere opposed to placing taxes on the lilpino without giving him a chance to nave a say in the matter. As for him, a should vote for a fair exchange of cods with the Philippines, feeling that in oning so he would be doing that which rould be pleasing to the people whom he presented. He declared he was in favor of developing the Philippines, of "putting of developing the Philippines, of "putting

would be pleasing to the people whom he represented. He declared he was in favor of developing the Philippines, of "putting a face" on the islands, as the farmers say when they purchase a poor tract of land, and then seiling them to Japan. One-fourth of our own territory is unoccupied, he said. Let's develop that before we go seeking islands of the sea for purposes of development. The sooner we get rid of the islands the better it will be for this republic, he said.

Captain Lamb said that while he represented a district composed largely of to-bacco growers and tobacco manufacturers, his people were shedding no tears at the prospect of the admission of Philippine tobacco at a lower duty than at present, and eventually without any duty at all. They did not fear Philippine competition. But they did want the American Tobacco Trust abolished. If the Republican party wanted to help his people it should help crush out the tobacco monopoly, a declaration that elicited the applause of Southern members. The Republican party should not longer hold its members together by the cry that the a party should not longer hold its s together by the cry that the ats were for free trade. The pend-was a Republican measure, pre-ya Republican and introduced and ed sy the Republican chairman of ys and Means Committee, and yet used to the in 1900 absolute free posed to give in 1900 absolute free to the Philippine products coming

Must Reform Or Die.

"The Republican party must reform or fle," declared Captain Lamb, "Can it reform without dying? It was morn in the throës of revolution. God grant it may not die in the same way."

Referring further to the statement made by Mr. Adams that he had found so many Republicans in Richmond. Captain Lamb

Republicans in Richmond, Captain Lamb greated laughter by the announcement greated laughter by the announcement that only 563 votes for Roosevelt were cast in the last presidential election in Richmond. Richmond had grown with wonderful rapidity since the war, and now ranked fourth among the cities of the Union in point of per capita wealth, and all her people, white as well as black, vote after having satisfied the terms of a property qualification. Capitain Lamb, speaking of the colored population of Richmond, said it was the most orderly, intelligent and industrious of any orderly, intelligent and industious of any

city's in the country.

The speech was ilberally applauded several times, and Captain Lamb was congratulated on his effort when he sat down

"Butts in" Too Much.

"Butts in" Too Much.

The fact is recognized that every conceivable project the President advocates is arousing Republican opposition. I had a long talk last night with a distinguished member of the majority in the Senate, and he admitted that no President since Grover Claveland had aroused so much opposition as has Mr. Roosevelt. His foreign policy will not be supported by the Senate unless there is a great change in sentiment. Our sending delegates to the Morocan conference has aroused great opposition. Republican senators, except the stallwarts, are shocked that the United Btates should be meddling in the affairs of Europe, which concern us so remotely or not at all, for our trade with Moriceo amounts to practically nothing. The Santo Domingan policy of the President is also the cause of much Republican as well as Democratic opposition. The statement made in this correspondence some days ago that the treaty with The statement made in this correspond-nice some days ago that the treaty with santo Domingo, by which we undortake to collect the customs and guarantee the payment of the claims of foreign cred-itors, could not be ratified, as matters now stand, still holds good.

The Republican sonator, to whom

The Republican senator, to whom alhislon has been made above, believes the President has made the mistake of undertaking to do too many tilly 5s, thus incurring opposition in too many quarters. The consolidation of these various

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

WE'RE DEPARTING FROM DOCTRINE

Senator Bacon Warns to Avoid Entangling Foreign Alliances.

PEACE MAY BE WORSE THAN WAR

Venerable Georgian Thinks the United States Has No Business Mixing in Morocan Controversy, Even if It Did Establish Peace.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., January 15 .- Mr. Bacon to-day succeeded in securing an question by the Senate. This result was accomplished by the introduction of a resolution making a general declaration against interference on the part of the government of the United States in any

against Interference on the part of the government of the United States in any controversy among European nations concerning their international affairs.

Mr. Bacon's resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, by the Senate, That interference with or participation in any controversy between European governments relating to European international questions is a violation of the well settled, well defined policy of this government, which has been recognized and observed for more than a century past."

Mr. Bacon contended that participation in the Algerian conference is liable to involve the United States in the entaglements of European countries. He there dwelt upon the magnitude of the controversy over Morocco. The point at issue is, he said, whether France shall exercise exclusive control in Morocco, or Germany shall share in that control.

"The question may be sottled so as to bring peace," he said, "and it may be so determined as to result in war." He asserted that all the European governments regard war as the possible result, it would be quite as injurious as war would be because of the precedent it would establish.

Alliances to Be Avoided.

Mr. Bacon said that the country is as much committed to the doctrine that entangling foreign alliances must be avoided as though it were a part of the written Constitution. "Who has departed from that doctrine?" asked Mr. Lodge, and Mr. Bacon replied that the policy against which he was inveiging would be a denarture.

for's remarks to be interpreted as a warning?"

Mr. Bacon admitted that such was the case, whereupon the Massachusetts senator expressed gratification, saying that he had not hitherto been able to decide as to the Gerogia senator's purposes. To these remarks Mr. Bacon replied that he considered himself peculiarly unfortunate in not expressing himself so as to be comprehended by the great intellect of the Massachusetts senator. "In such a case," he said, "the fault must all be with the speaker."

"I knew," replied Mr. Lodge, "that the senator had some great ebject in view, and I am much pleased to learn that it is to protect the country from a violation of Washington's farewell address."

con. "We want to save the country from a violation of the policy laid down in the farewell address."

Can't Shut Senate Out.

Mr. Hale said that he dift not regret the discussion. "I think that in all matters submitted to the Senate involving treaties or even the negotiation of treaties is was never intended to shut the Senate out of participation."

"I don't believe," he said, "that in the present case the Secretary of State will allow the country to be involved.

allow the country to be involved.

"I wish that the Secretary of the State and the President had determined not to send delegates to this conference. It is not called in the interest of commerce. It is a Simon pure and outright political affair, and has to do with matters in which we have no concern matters in which we have no concern. The danger is not from the President or from the Secretary, but from the war spirit in this country."

spirit in this country."

After enlarging upon this point, he said the United States has little to do with Morocco, and that we could negotiate a new treaty if desired in sixty

Mr. Bacon expresed the opinion that Mr. Bacon expressed the opinion that nine out of ten who had heard the debate agreed with the position of Mr. Hale, and he asked what would happen if a question involving serious political questions should arise and the American delegates should have the tie vote.

"In such event," replied Mr. Hale, "I

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

FROM PACIFIC COAST

TWICE MARRIED HER; TO NORFOLK BY BOAT

Men Will Follow Route Traversed By Lewis and Clark to Advertise Exposition.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Ry Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, January 15.—F. B. Davidson and D. C. Freeman, who were connected with the Lewis and Clark Exposition, have made a contract with the management of the exposition in Hampton Roads to commemorate the first English-speaking settlement in America at Zamestown, Va., for a publicity and advertising programme. They will make a trip from Portland to Hampton Roads in a boat, following the route traversed by Lewis and Clark from Portland to Pittsburg, From this point flowy will go either by way of the lakes to the Hudson River, or by way of Cumberland, Md., to the Potomac River, Where the boat they use is taken overland, it will be sent by rall to the points on rivers used by the explorers of a century ago.

Conditions in Im (At \$ P. M. E. Place, Acheville, N. C. Acheville, Acheville, N. C. Acheville, N. C. Acheville, N. C. Acheville, N

WANTS DIVORCE AGAIN

Thomas Odgers, Who Married Anna M. Burch in Richmond. Once More Dissatisfied.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CINCINNATI, OHIO, January 15.—
Twice married to Anna Margaret Burch
Odgers, Thomas Odgers seeks to be divorced a second time. They were married for the first time in Compton, N.
J., August S, 1896. They had four-children. The wife then filed suit for divorce and was successful. The second
marriage took place at Richmond, Va.,
March 18, 1902.

He alleges desertion and asks absolute



SHIPS DON'T STOP TO TAKE FREIGHT!

Secretary Taft Charges Southern Pacific Railroad With Hindering Panama Canal Work.

GREAT FREIGHT CONGESTION

Claimed That Company's Steamers Leave Panama With Only a Partial Cargo,

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, January 15.—Charges by Secretary Taft and Chief Engineer Stevens, of the Isthmian Canal Commis sion, that the Southern Pacific Railway is responsible for the freight congestion on the Isthmus of Panama, formed the hours' hearing to-day on canal affairs before the deficiency subcommittee of the

The Southern Pacific Railway Company ontrols the Pacific Mail Steamship Comcontrols the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, according to a statement of the Secretary of War and Mr. Stevens, who say that since the abrogation of the freight agreement between the Panama. Railroad and the steamship company the latter has been dilatory in calling for San Francisco freight on the west side of the Isthmus. It is charged that the steamers frequently refuse to stop to take on freight, and even leave port with only a partial cargo, while great quantities of freight lie on the wharves.

It was alleged that the apparent motive

asserted by Chief Engineer Stevens, who asserted by Cher Engineer Stevens, who said that several cargoes had been shipped via San Francisco and over the Pacific Mail line for this very reason. Other shipments will go this way unless an end can be made to the blockade.

WILL SEEK TO KNOW WHY

President Peters has appointed Messrs. Williams, Lynch and Morton as representatives of the lower branch of the city legislature on the special committee to investigate the City Health Department, and also the figures of the National Health Department which show Richmond to be an unhealthy city. This committee was created by the joint resolution of Dr. Williams, which passed both branches. President Turpin will probably appoint the two Aldermen to serve on the committee this week and the joint committee will get to work at once.

Lectures to Good Audience. Mr. A. S. Longr of Dayton, Ohio, lectured last night in the Central Y. M. C. A. on "Lightning and Toothpicks." There was a large audience present, and all the men, and the women, too, who were present, seemed heartly to enjoy his lecture. The speaker divided his talk under three heads: law, love and habit.

GERMANY'S CLAIM

Ambassador Will Support Contention Regarding '.Open Door."

CONFERENCE STARTS TO-DAY

Spanish Minister Has Taken Initiative in Arranging Plans.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, January 15.-The Associated Press is advised that Ambassador White. representing the United States at the Moroccan conference at Algeriras, will to the "open door" in Morocco and as to the policing of the country. It is suggested that this may make the adoption of the German view probable particularly in the light of the fact that Russia has shown marked indifference to the ap peal of France for support. The influence of the Vatican is also understood to be hostile to France,

United States Delegation Arrives.

United States Delegation Arrives.

(By Associated Press.)

ALGECIRAS, January 15.—6:15 P. M.—
The opening of the international conference on Moroccan reforms has definitely been fixed for 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Duke of Almodovar, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, took the initiative soon after arriving here today, in arranging plans for the beginning of the deliberations. All the delegates had arrived during the day and each found a note from the duke advising that a preliminary session for the purpose of organization would take place at 3 o'clock to-morrow. It is expected that the duke will preside and will make a brief address of welcome, after which doubtless he will be chosen as the permanent presiding officer.

Interesting features this afternoon were the landing of Ambassador White, the American delegate from the American delegate from the American despetates of Semuel R Gummere, Minister arrival of Semuel R Gummere, Minister

protected cruiser Galveston, and later th 21 guns as she dropped anchor off the pier. The Spanish cruisers did not respond promptly, but the land batteries roared an answering salute.

The ambassader entered one of the

Galveston's launches, and the latter took a course circling the Spanish cruiser Rio

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia-Rain, followed by fair Tuesday; Wednesday, fair and colder; brisk south, shifting to west, winds. North Carolina-Rain Tuesday; Wednesday, fair; fresh south, shifting to west, winds.

Conditions Yesterday. | Richmond's weather was cloudy and moderate, Range of the thermometer: 9 A. M. ... 28 6 P. M. ... 44 12 M. ... 38 9 P. M. ... 43 12 M. ... 38 12 midnight ... 42 (Average 40 1-2.)

Highest temperature yesterday.....
Lowest temperature yesterday.....
Mean temperature yesterday.....
Normal temperature for January...
Departure from normal temperature...

Thermometer This Day Last Year

Conditions in Important Cities.

Miniature Almanac.

Counsel for Midshipman Urged That He Had Acted in "Valid Discretion."

MERIWETHER BEFORE COURT

Alleged That the Latter Made the Boys Do the "Sixteenth" and "Rabbit Dance."

(By Associated Press.)

ANNAPOLIS, MD., January 15 .- The trial of the case of Midshipman John P. Miller, first class, on the charge of allier, first class, on the charge of hazing four fourth classmen was concluded to-day and a verdet reached.

Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., was then brought before the court. The charge against him is hazing, and there are six specifications in support of it.

It is alleged that he hazed six midshipmen of the fourth class during law hipmen of the fourth class during last eptember and October by compelling shipmen of the fourth class during last September and October by compelling them to stand on their heads and to do the "sixteenth" and the "rabbit dance." At the request of James M. Munroe, his counsel, the trial was postponed until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. Mr. Munroe also gave notice that at that time he would challenge some of the members of the court, but did not state on what

or the court, but did not state on what grounds.

Colonel Lauchelmer, counsel for Miller, in his argument maintained that Miller had acted "in the valid exercise of his discretion as a midshipman officer." He discretion as a midshipman officer." He maintained that the regulations clearly vested a discretion in a midshipman officer. "The fact that Miller had renrianded the upper classmen who sent the plebes to his room, showed very clearly," the counsel said, "that Miller did the things alleged, because he was indignant at his treatment."

MUCH SYMPATHY FOR MERIWETHER

Cadet, Who Faces Trial Again, is Now Very Attentive to Regulations

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) ANNAPOLIS, MD., January 15.—Mid-shipman Minor Moriwether, Jr., of Lafayette, Louisiana, who answered to charges connected with the death of Midcharges connected with the death of Mid-shipman Branch a little over a month ago, faced a court-martial again this af-ternoon. The charge against him is haz-ing, and there are six separate specifica-tions, alleging the hazing of that many different members of the fourth class. The hazing, it is charged, took place during September last in all but one in-stance, which was towards the latter part of October. The members of the first

(Continued on Eighth Page,)

British Author Dead.

BANK CASHIER KILLS

GERMANY WOULD HELP VENEZUELA

Castro's Action Due to Committees of the Two Secret German Intrique.

RECALL ORDER SENT TO TAIGNY

Foreign Office Has Announced That French Minister to Venezuela Has Been Instructed to Break Off Relations. Naval Demonstration Follows.

(By Associated Press.) PARIS, January 15 .- It was announce to-day that the foreign office had sent an order to M. Talgny to break off relations with Venezuela, but M. Taigny has not yet officially notified the French government of the receipt of his instruc-The Temps this afternoon, referring

to the Venezuelan dispute said:
"France having exhausted all concili-atory means will probably be obliged to proceed with a naval demonstration."

Germany to Take a Hand.

Germany to Take a Hand.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch, Tondon, January 15.—In a dispatch from Paris to the Exchange Telegraph Company, it is asserted that President Castro's attitude is attributed by well informed persons to secret German intrigue, which is following the same procedure as to Venezuela as was followed in the case of Turkey and Morocco, in view of Germany's interest in Venezuela's customs revenue, says the dispatch, naval action by France might be fraught with the danger of European complications.

Orders Have Been Sent.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)
PARIS, January 15.—The foreign office declares that the statement that the diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela have been severed is premature. A rupture, however, is imminent. There is reason to believe that orders recalling M. Taigny, charge d'affaires at Caracas, have been sent.

JORDAN IS RE-ELECTED COTTON PRESIDENT

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, January 15,—The Southern Cotton Association held its annual business meeting to-day, with al-most a full board sitting, Harvis Jormost a full board sitting. Harvis Jordan was re-elected president and Richard Cheatham was re-elected secretary. H. H. Wyatt, of Columbia, S. C., was elected treasurer and George T. Jester, of Corsicanna, Texas, was chosen vice-president in place of Mr. Peters, of Texas. The salary of the president was fixed at \$5,000 a year. Secretary Cheatham's salary was raised from \$2,500 to \$3,000 a year. The salary of the treas. ham's salary was raised from \$2,500 to \$3,000 a year. The salary of the treasurer was fixed at \$500 a year, and the vice-president is to serve without salary. The salary of the general financial agent and oragnizer, F. D. Smith, who was elected, according to the suggestions of the mass meeting, was fixed at \$5,000.

OHIO STOCK AND GRAIN BROKERS GO TO THE WALL (By Associated Press.)

CLEVELAND, OHIO, January 15.—P. R. Fahoy and Company, stock and grain brokers, announced to-day that the firm will go into liquidation and retire from business owing to the speculations of a trusted employe and the continued ill-health of the senior member, P. R. Waher.

Falley.

A member of the firm said to-day: "We are simply going into liquidation, and no one will lose a cent as a result of our retiring from business."

The full extent of the employe's shortage is not known. The shortage was discovered some time ago and two weeks ago the employe was confronted with the evidence and confessed. It has not been decided what action will be taken against him.

Car and Wagon Collide. A street oar ran into a wagon of the Fulton Brick Company at Seventeenth and Main last evening. Three of the four mules hitched to the wagon were hurt. The driver of the wagon was in another accident a short time ago, so it was sale last wight.

MRS. TAGGART AND SONS SELF; CAUSE UNKNOWN FLEE FROM THE MAJOR

Divorced Wife of Army Officer E. L. Humphrey, of Wadley, Ga., Victim of Own Gun-Books Sails for Europe to Be Out Reported Straight. of His Reach. (By Associated Press.) WADLEY, GA., January 15.-E. L.

Of His Reach.

(By Associated Press.)

CINCINNATI, OHIO, January 15.—The Times-Star to-day published a story to the effect that Mrs. Grace Taggart, who was to have appeared in the Wooster court to-day in connection with her recent divorce from Captain E. F. Taggart, U. S. A., is on beard the steamship Cedite with her two sens, on route to Europe. She is said to have been booked as Mrs. Grace Thompson and was accompanied by a trained nurse. The arrangements for her sailing are said to have been made by her friends without her knowledge, and that she was afterwards persuaded to make the trip abroad in order to be out of Captain Taggart's reach until his departure for the Philippines. The party is en route to Paris.

Mrs. Thompson and Sens Sail Humphrey, cashler of the Bank of Wadtey and superintendent of the Sunday school, shot himself to death at 8 o'clock this morning. The bullot entered the Mr. Humphreys leaves a widow and four children. The cause of his suicide Mr. Humphreys leaves a widow and four children. The cause of his suicide is not known.

President Ronts, of the bank, gave out the following statement:

"We have examined the books of the bank and have not found a single discrepancy. Thore is no shortage so far as we can discover, though in justice to Mr. Humphrey's family we have wired State Treasurer Park to send us a bank examiner, and we have also wired for an expert accountant."

Mrs. Thompson and Sons Sail. NEW YORK, January 15.-On the passons or list of the White Star Line steamer Codrie, which sailed from this port January 16th, for Litherpool, are the names, Mrs. Gertrude Thompson, Master William Thompson and Master Robert Thompson.

TO GET DOWN TO **WORK THIS WEEK**

Houses to Be Read Out To-Day.

NEW FURNITURE NOW IN PLACE

Every Comfort and Convenience Provided for Members-Committes to Consider Bills To-morrow Some Matters to Be

Pressed.

With the announcement of the standing committees in both houses of the General Assembly to-day the body will be in a position to get fairly down to business ful new desks for the members having arrived and been placed yesterday. In nouncement of the committees, there is a good deal of talk concerning the secto-night in the hall of the House of Delegates, but no more fleroe contests are expected. The meeting will be for the nomination of city judges, and but

the nomination of city judges, and but few of them have opposition.

The furniture is now all in place, and the seats have been assigned to the senators and members. The two chambers are indeed beautiful, not to say gorgoous, in their apperance, every plece of the furniture being of pure mahogany. The desks are very similar to those used in the United States Congress, and are greatly admired by the members and the public. Two circular mahogany tables have been placed in front of the restrums of the two houses for representatives of the press, and the reporters are igven chairs to match the other furniture.

Coat and hat racks of the same material have been put in and on the Senate side Colonel Button has purchased a handsome mahogany clock. He has also put umbrella stands in the Senate cloak room. Telephones have been installed in the Senate, and in a few days it is expected that one of the telefraph companies will put in air instrument and keep an operator in the build-ment and keep an operator in the build-

graph companies will put in an instru-ment and keep an operator in the build-ing. So much for the comforts and and conveniences of the two chambers. The Chairmanship.

The Chairmanship.

Now as to the committees to be named to-day. Speaker Cardwell, of the lower branch, has his ready, and the Senate "Steering Committee" will meet at the Westmoreiand Club at 10 o'clock this morning to complete the list for the upper house. Neither the members of the "Steering Committee" nor Speaker Cardwell are talking about their appointments, but here are the names of those who will almost certainly head the more important subdivisions of the two houses: On the Senate side there will be: Privileges and Elections—George S. Shackelford, Orange.

Shackelford, Orange.

Finance—Henry T. Wickham, Hanover.

Courts of Justice—William Hodges Mann, Nottoway.

Public Institutions and Education—George B. Keezell, Rockingham.

General Laws—William Shands, Southampton.

Roads—P. F. St. Clair, Giles.

ampton.

Roads—P. F. St. Clair, Glies.

Counties, Cities and Towns—John S Counties, Cites
Chapman, Greene.
Agriculture-W. S. Garrett, Henry.
Fish and Game-C. Harding Walker,
Northumbarland.
Enrolled Bills-A. F. Thomas, Lynch-

turg.
These will probably preside over the im-

portant House committees:
Privileges and Elections—James R. Caton, Alexandria.
Courts of Justice—R. E. Lee, Jr., Fair-General Laws-E. P. Cox, Richmond

city.

itoads-John W. Churchman, Augusta,
Finance-Tipton D. Jennings, Lynch-Claims-Thomas H. Lion, Prince Wil-

liam, Militia and Police—E. W. Owens, Norfolk city.
Asylums and Prisons-George T. Snead,

Princess Anne.
Schools and Colleges-N. B. Early,

Schools and Colleges—N. B. Early, Greene.
Eanks, Currency and Commerce—W. W. Baker, Chesterfield.
Agriculture—J. J. Owen, Prince Edward.
Only two members of the important Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns were returned. They are Messrs. Coxand E. W. Owens, and if they get the chairmanships referred to above, some new man will preside over Counties, Cities and Towns.

Will Start To-morrow.

Will Start To-morrow.

Will Start To-morrow.

The committees will hardly consider any bills before to-morrow, but none of them lack for material on which to proceed. Important measures relating to good roads, public education and many other public questions of interest to the people of the State have already been referred, and others will pour in on both sides this week.

One bill that will be vigorously pressed is that placing the appointment of commissioners of the revenue in the hands of the circuit judges. Measures on this line have been offered in the Senate and House, respectively, by Mossrs. Chapman and Early, both of Greene.

Captain Camm Fettesons species to push the matter recommended by the Governor in relation to changing the system of checks and balances between the fiscal offices at the seat of government, and he will be warmly supported on both sides of the Capitol.

Press Other Bills.

Press Other Bills.

Hon. Harry Glenn will make a strong fight for his bill to create a traveling auditor, and Colonel Caton will insist upon the passing of his measures doubling the appropriations for public sohools, increasing the pensions to Confederate soldiers and distributing the tax on the rolling stock of railroads among the counties took of railroads among the counties

Mr. Thomas will make strenuous efforts to have all primary elections legalized and to fix the expense upon the State, rather than on the candidates, and while Sector Sale is determined that there shall